FISCAL NOTE

Bill #	:	HB0052	Title	e:	Expand crime	es included in hate	crime act
Prim	ary Sponsor:	Brad Newman	Stat	tus:	As introduced	d	
Sponsor signature		Date	C	Chuck Swysgood, Budget Director		r Date	
F	iscal Sumn	nary			FY 200		FY 2005
E	expenditures:				<u>Differenc</u> \$		Difference \$0
R	Revenue:				\$	0	\$0
N	let Impact on	General Fund Balance:			\$	0	\$0
	Significant L	ocal Gov. Impact				Technical Conce	rns
	Included in the Executive Budget				Significant Long-Term Impacts		g-Term Impacts
	Dedicated Re	evenue Form Attached				Needs to be incl	uded in HB 2

Fiscal Analysis

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The Department of Corrections (DOC) records indicate that four persons have been convicted under 45-5-221, MCA, during the last two years and no convictions under 45-5-222 are recorded. Assuming that the conviction rates under the new statutes would parallel the rates under current statutes, four new inmates in the future could impact the DOC but would not necessarily be attributable to the change in statute.
- 2. Average length of stay cannot be calculated for the new offenders. The bill will cause sentences to be longer, so costs will increase in theory, as offenders will be in prison longer than if this change were not made. These costs are not easily calculated but the long-term compounding of new offenders with longer sentences is the reason for "Significant Long-Term Impacts" being checked above.
- 3. No significant fiscal impact for the 2005 biennium is anticipated.

LONG-RANGE IMPACTS

4. It is unclear if persons currently convicted of offenses such as sexual assault would be additionally convicted and sentenced under the "gender" addition in 45-5-221, MAC, or if they might receive enhanced penalties under 45-5-222, MCA. There are approximately 100 persons sentenced for sexual assault per year, based on data from the last 10 years. These uncertainties plus the long-term compounding of new offenders with longer sentences is the reason for "Significant Long-Term Impacts" being checked above.